Mafunze Additive Study

Observations and Findings

Sfundo Nkomo

Partners in Development

Why Mafunze?

- Latrines of known design
- Latrines of known age
- PID working in community already so no problem with access, councillors etc

Preliminary Measurements

- 50 households with VIPs were visited
- Pit management practices were assessed
- Photograph of each pit taken and odour level assessed subjectively
- Pit contents measured using a laser tape
- The 40 pits required for the trial were selected
- Grouped into 2 blocks: medium or low rubbish and a high rubbish block



Typical Mafunze Latrine
One of the worst latrines in terms of
rubbish content

Trial Design

- 5 pits from each block were allocated to each of four treatments:
- Treatment 1 Micromune proprietary pit additive
- Treatment 2 Molasses and water (mixed to 1:5)
- Treatment 3 Coloured water (standard food colour ant 1ml/litre)
- Treatment 4 Nothing added
- Trial run over 16 weeks period

Field work

- 3 litres dosed initially followed by 1 litre
- 5 heights measurements taken before dosing
- 4 readings taken at 0.5 m offset from centre plus centre reading
- Dosage increased to 2 litres after 8 weeks
- Photograph of each pit taken at end of study

Results

- Changes in sludge height calculated every 2 weeks
- Means and medians compared for each treatment
- Total change in height determined from beginning to end
- Average and median change for each treatment calculated
- Table 1 shows the increase in sludge height for 4 treatments for the entire study period
- Figure 1 shows the fortnightly cumulative changes in sludge height
- Figure 2 shows median changes in sludge height for offset measurements

Treatment	Median Change in sludge height at centre (mm)	
1: Micromune	78	
2: Molasses	55	
3: Coloured water	38	
4: Control	39	

Table 1: Sludge Accumulation for entire trial period

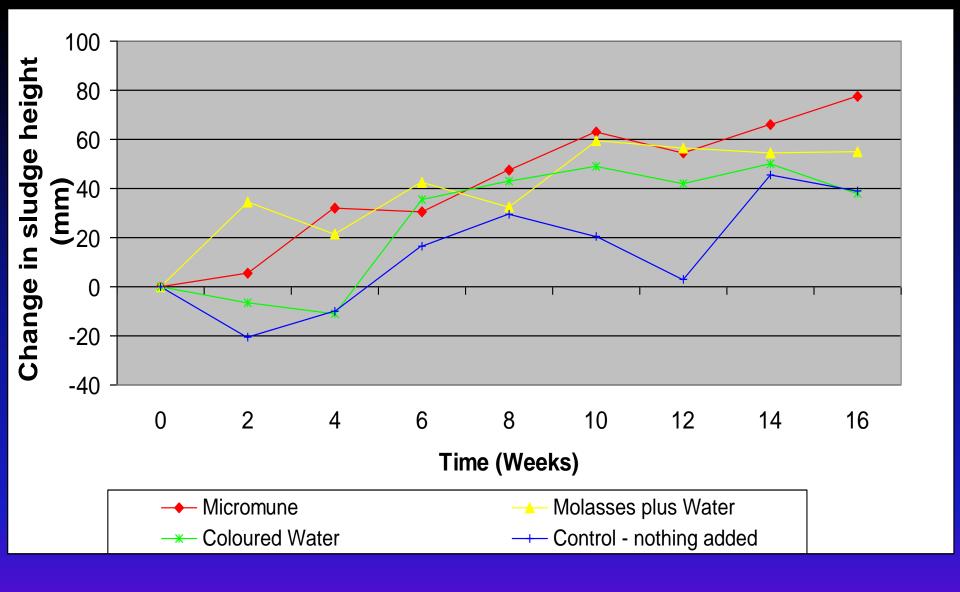


Figure 1: Median cumulative increase in sludge level

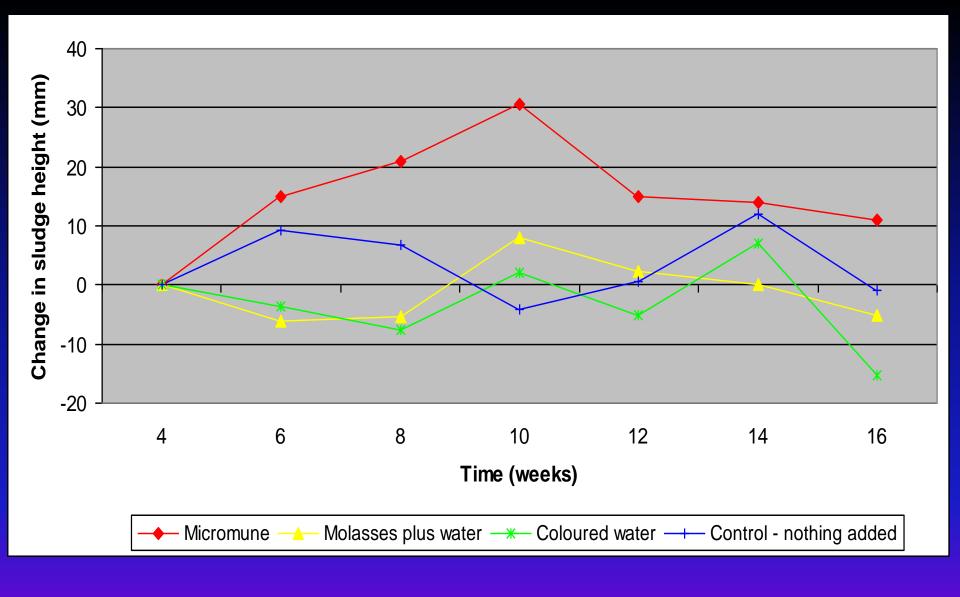


Figure 2: Median changes in sludge height from four offset measurements (0.5 metre offset)

Observations

- Increases equate to filling rates of between 300 and 600 litres in 1 year, but only if height increase was uniform across pit
- Sludge height increase for offset measurements for all cases was negligible
- Median increase for first 3 years was 307 litres per year
- The additive group had the highest increase

Observations

- After 6 weeks all users in first 3 treatment groups reported a reduction in odour
- At least two latrines were found with bad odours from each treatment group
- Results show odour reduction is somewhat subjective and hard to evaluate
- Participants prone to see results that they think perhaps will please researcher
- Table 2 shows results of user perceptions of odour reduction

	Week 10		Week 16	
Treatment	Perceived reduction in odour (users)	Bad odour (assessment by researcher)	Perceived reduction in odour (users)	Bad odour (assessment by researcher)
1: Micromune	9/10	2/10	6/10	3/10
2: Molasses	10/10	4/10	10/10	3/10
3: Coloured water	10/10	3/10	6/10	4/10
4: Control	5/10	0/10	9/10	2/10

Table 1:User perceptions of odour reduction in VIPs and independent assessment