The Status of Sanitation and Faecal Sludge Management in Sol Plaatje Municipality

Municipal Benchmarking Initiative Master Class 2018

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PRESENTATION CONTENT

- Purpose of Presentation
- Introduction and Background
- Focus Areas
- Sludge Management Practice & Approaches in SPLM
- Challenges with On-Site Disposal
- Sludge Management "Good News"
- Conclusion



PURPOSE OF PRESENTATION

- To share with sector colleagues:
 - Current status of Faecal Sludge Management practice in SPLM.
 - Achievements and Challenges.
 - Possible/Futuristic Opportunities.
- Elicit discussion as a "bench marking" process

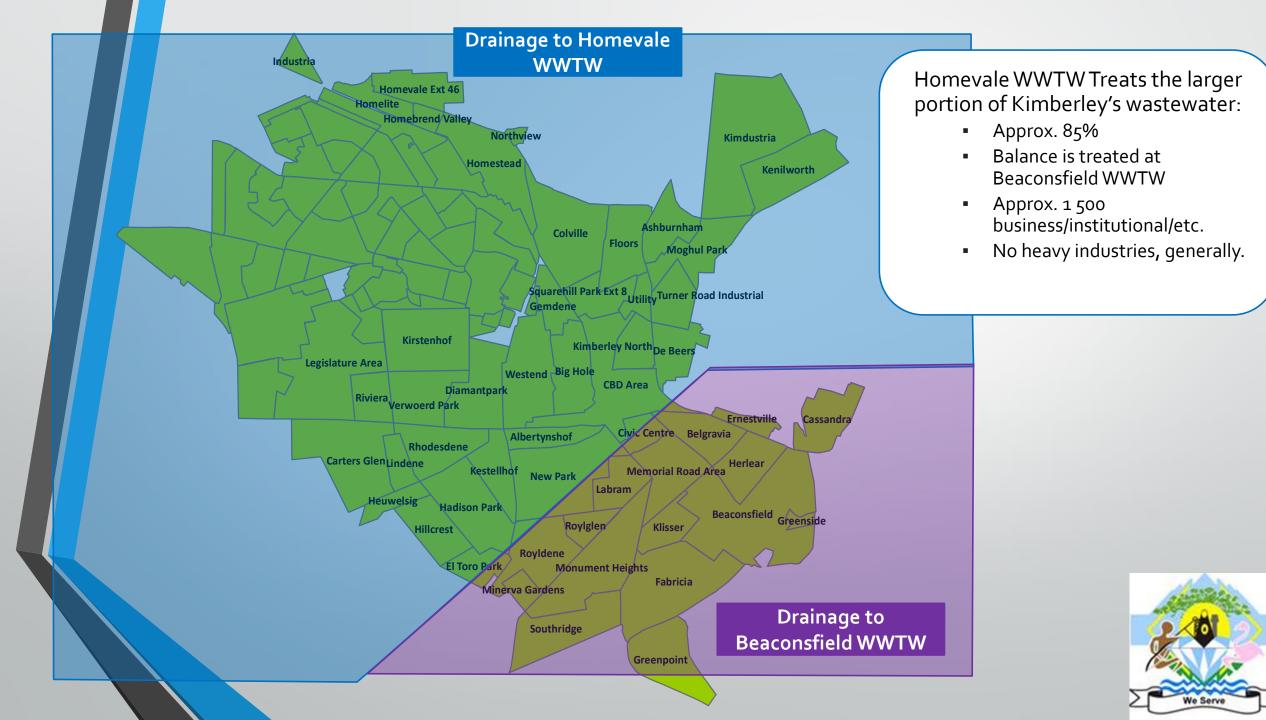


INTRODUCTION and BACKGROUND

- The Sol Plaatje Local Municipality (SPLM) is located close to the eastern border of the Northern Cape Province and forms part of the Frances Baard District Municipal Area.
- Provincial Administration Head Quarters-Provincial Capital City.
- Sol Plaatje Local Municipality is both WSA and WSP in its area of jurisdiction.
- It owns and operates 2 WPW and 4 WWTW.
- WWT technologies applied are Activated Sludge Process (ASP), Biological Filtration Process (BFP) and Oxidation Pond System (OPS).
- These are both conventional approaches (meaning there is no advanced treatment applied in either of these)
- Physical Liquid-Solid Phase Separation is applied (PST's & SST's).
- Anaerobic Sludge Digestion is applied as the final "side-stream" solids treatment process.

FOCUS AREAS







Background:

- Faecal sludge is normally treated (considered) as waste.
- Traditional practices related to wastewater sludge management include:
 - Dedicated land disposal,
 - Waste piling,
 - Landfill disposal and, to a lesser degree,
 - Use in agricultural practices
- For varying reasons, on-site land disposal and waste piling have become the standard management in South Africa.
- With sludge production increasing on a daily basis, these are unsustainable, and
- Management is becoming a problem for many municipalities in South Africa

(Sludge Guidelines 2009)



Handling Practice in SPLM:

- Homevale WWTW:
 - Anaerobic Digestion
 - Drying Beds (to be phased out)
 - Mechanical Dewatering, then.....What?
- Beaconsfield WWTW:
 - Anaerobic Digestion,
 - Drying beds,
 - Stock Piling, then.....What?
 - Land application (parks and gardens)
- Photographs and Video Clips (Feb 2017 & Jan 2018)
 - Feb 2017 Video Clip
 - Jan 2018 Video Clip
 - Reaction Photographs



On-Site Sludge Disposal

On-Site Disposal











Photographs and Video Clips (Feb 2017 & Jan 2018)



Video Clips (Feb 2017)





Video Clips (Jan 2018)







Photographs (Feb 2017)











Photographs (Jan 2018)





Good News

Legislation:

- NWA
- NEMA: Waste Management Act
- Sludge Management Guidelines
- WUL
- Green Drop Certification (Best Practice)

SPLM Achievements:

- Regular Sludge Classification (bi-annually), see table of "classification"
- Accredited Laboratory Results summary Table
- Mechanical Dewatering (@ Homevale WWTW),
- Excellent anaerobic digestion (@ Beaconsfield WWTW)
- Biogas to Energy Preliminary Assessment.



SLUDGE ANALYSIS LABORATORY RESULTS

Classification	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Remarks & Recommendations
Microbiology	2012	2015	2017	This is affected by process operation and treatment efficiency. Sludge suitable for a number of uses, but with caution in agricultural use.
Faecal coliform	>B	>B	<a< td=""><td></td></a<>	
Helminthic ova	>B	>B	<a< td=""><td></td></a<>	
Stability	1	1	1	Excellent stability. Suitable for a number of uses with no restrictions.
Pollutants				Pollutants remains a challenge, and an investigation of source is necessary.
Macro	>b	>a	>a	
Micro	>b	>a	>a	
Average Class per Year	C1c	C1b	A1b	Improving quality, but caution to be taken if used in agriculture.

Good News:

- SPLM Achievements:
 - Drying Beds @ Beaconsfield, Photographs: Excellent sludge digestion.





Good News:

- SPLM Achievements:
 - Mechanical Dewatering (@ Homevale WWTW), Photographs



Homevale Mechanical Sludge Dewatering Facility



CONCLUSION

- Generally, basic sludge management is applied in SPLM (and in most municipalities in RSA).
- Basic sludge management is not sustainable (consideration of sustainable development), and poses danger and risks to environment and human health.
- Thus a need for advanced and more sustainable management approaches and practices.
- Beneficial use of faecal sludge needs to be taken seriously.
- There are economical opportunities in sustainable sludge management.



....The End

Discussion...?

Thank You for Your Attention.

